

Life Sciences Outreach Faculty Speaker Series for High School Biology Teachers  
*How Biologists View Structure and Function*  
Fall 2018

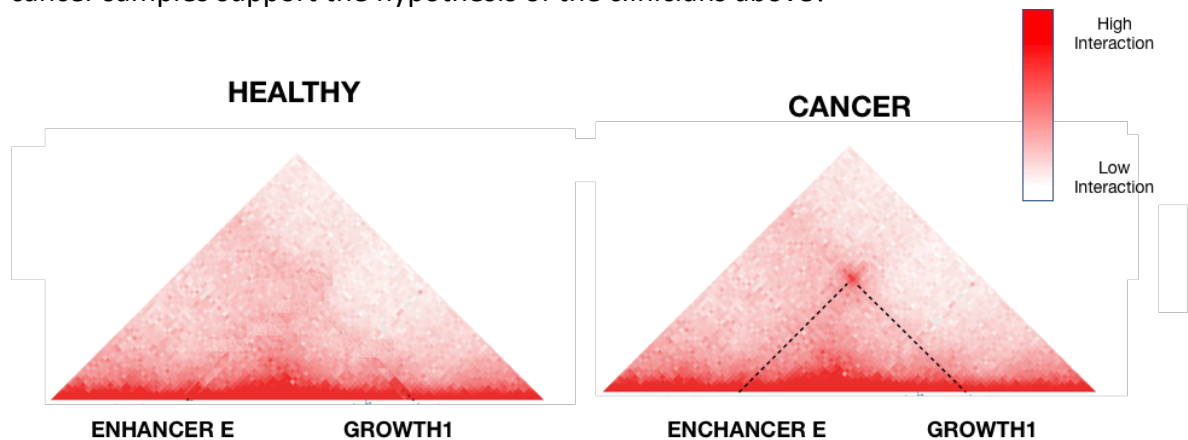
Worksheet on FISH (Fluorescence in situ Hybridization) and Chromosome Conformation Capture (e.g. 3C and Hi-C) Methods

**Background:** FISH and 3C-based technologies are used to study 3D genome organization. FISH enables the visualization of where specific regions of the genome are located within the nucleus through the use of fluorescent probes that hybridize to a DNA sequence of interest. 3C-based technologies provide pairwise cross-linking frequencies detailing how often there are interactions between two disparate regions of DNA.

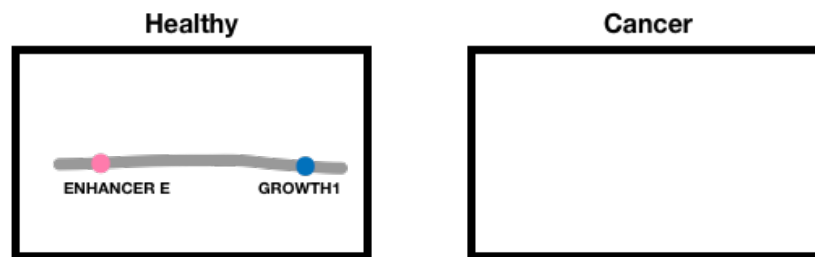
**Case study:** After performing gene expression profiling of patient A who has an extremely rare and aggressive form of melanoma, clinicians at Boston Research Hospital have found that a key gene *GROWTH1* involved in cell proliferation is significantly upregulated. Researchers hypothesize that *GROWTH1* might be driving tumor expansion and decide to investigate the molecular mechanism that leads to the upregulation of that gene.

The clinicians perform chromosome conformation capture (Hi-C) analysis and suspect that an enhancer E, which is known to drive the expression of very active genes, interacts with the promoter of *GROWTH1* in the cancer cells but not the healthy cells.

- 1) Using the two Hi-C maps below, let's hypothesize how the folding of DNA near *GROWTH1* is different in healthy individuals and individuals with this particular cancer. Draw one hypothetical cancer-causing DNA conformation, and label Enhancer E and *GROWTH1* as was done for the healthy conformation. Do the drawings for the healthy cancer samples support the hypothesis of the clinicians above?



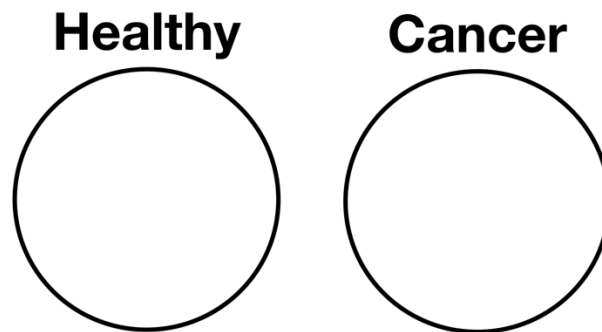
Bonev, Boyan, and Giacomo Cavalli. "Organization and function of the 3D genome." *Nature Reviews Genetics* 17.11 (2016): 661.



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- 2) Look at the sequence below. The proposed regions of interaction are **ENHANCER E** and **GROWTH1** and are each highlighted in their respective colors. If one designed probes to image these regions through FISH, what would a plausible imaging result look like for the Hi-C maps in question 1? Draw a diagram of the nucleus and the resulting FISH image.

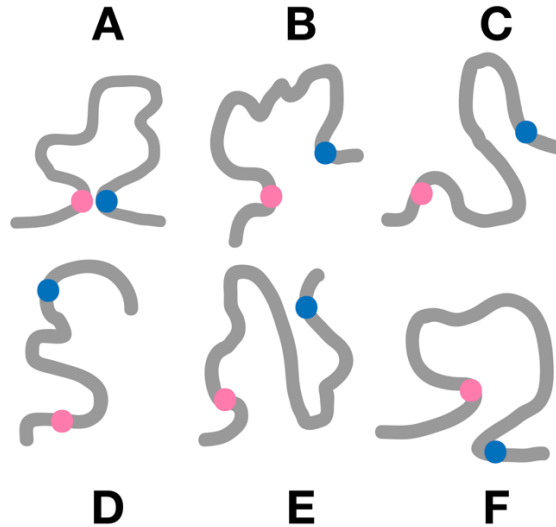
AGGAGTCCGAAACTTTTATTAAGGAAAGGAGAGAAAGACTTACCAGAGACGCCGGAAGGG  
GGCCAGGAAGAAGATGCCTGCCACTT**ACCCAGAACAGACGGATGGGGGTGAGGTGGTCCA**  
GGATGTCAACAGCAGTGTACAGATGGTGTATGATGGAACAGCTGGACCCACCTTCTTCAGAT  
GAAGACTGAAGTAATGGAGGGCACAGTGGCTCCAGAAGCAGAGGGCTGCTGTGGACGATACCC  
AGATTATAACTTTACAGGTTGTAAATATGGAGGAACAGCCATAAACATAGGAGAACTTCAGCT  
TGTTCAAGTACCTGTTCTGTGACTGTACCTGTTGCTACCACTTCAGTAGAAGAACTTCAGGG**GG**  
**CTTATGAAAATGAAGTGTCTAAAGAGGGCCT**TGCGGAAAGTGAACCCATGATATGCCACACCC  
TACCTTTGCCTGAAGGGTTTCAGGTGGTTAAAGTGGGGGCAATGGAGAGGTGGAGACACTAG  
ACAAGGGGAACTTCCACCCAGGAAGATCCTAGTTGGCAAAAAGACCCAGACTATCAGCCAC  
CAGCCAAAAAACAAGAAAACCAAAAAGAGCAAACCTGCGTTATACAGAGGA



- 3) Refer back to your hypothetical structure in Q1. If you designed a third FISH probe, **MIDDLE**, (in addition to the ones labeling Enhancer E and GROWTH1), in between Enhancer E and GROWTH1, what would a plausible imaging result look like for the Hi-C maps in question 1. Add an orange dot to the diagram of the nucleus from Q2. How do the relative distances between the 3 probes vary in the healthy vs cancer conditions?

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- 4) Which hypothetical conformations would it be possible to detect with FISH? How about 3C-based methods? Explain your reasoning. (Hint: 3C-based methods are only able to detect interactions close together.)



Fudenberg, Geoffrey, and Maxim Imakaev. "FISH-ing for captured contacts: towards reconciling FISH and 3C." *Nature methods* 14.7 (2017): 673.

- 5) In light of question 5, provide a potential explanation for why FISH and 3C-based measurements can often yield contradictory results. Explain what possible clinical implications these contradictory results could have?